

THE
GENERAL STATUTES

AND THE
Code of Civil Procedure

OF
The State of South Carolina,

ADOPTED BY THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 1881-82.

TO WHICH IS APPENDED THE
CONSTITUTIONS

OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

AND THE
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA, S. C.
JAMES WOODROW, STATE PRINTER.

1882.

A. D. 1882.

TITLE V. OF COUNTIES.

CHAPTER XIII.

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Division of State into Counties; each County a body politic.
1868, XIV., 134.
1882, XVII., 682.

SECTION 403. The State of South Carolina is divided into thirty-four Judicial Districts, called Counties. Each County is a body politic and corporate, for the following purposes: to sue and be sued; to purchase and hold, for the use of the County, lands and personalty within the limits thereof; to make all contracts, and

to do all acts in relation to the property and concerns of the County necessary thereto.

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Sec. 404. ABBEVILLE COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the southwest by the Savannah River, by which it is separated from Georgia; on the northwest by Anderson County, from which it is separated by a line (the old Indian boundary) drawn from a marked black-gum, on the east bank of the Savannah River, at the foot of Grape Shoals, (north 50° east,) to a willow-oak, marked "A. & P.," on the south side of Saluda River; on the northeast by the Saluda River, which separates it from Laurens County; and on the southeast by Edgefield County, from which it is divided by a line drawn from a point on Saluda River, one-fourth of a mile above Island Ford, and running (south 40° west) nineteen miles and thirty-eight chains, to a point, and thence (south 34° west) fourteen miles and sixty chains, or until it intersects the Savannah River, at the mouth of Little River.

Abbeville County; location and boundaries.
IV., 661, § 1;
VII., 199, 22; 252, 284.

Sec. 405. AIKEN COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northwest by Edgefield County, from which it is divided by a straight line commencing at the mouth of Fox's Creek, where it empties into Savannah River, and running thence to where the south branch of Chinquepin Falls Creek (a tributary of the North Edisto River) intersects the Edgefield and Lexington line; on the northeast by Lexington County, from which it is divided by said creek to where it empties into the North Fork of the Edisto River, and by the said North Fork to where the dividing line between Lexington and Orangeburg Counties (running from Big Beaver Creek to the North Fork of the Edisto) touches said river; on the southeast by Orangeburg and Barnwell Counties, from which it is divided by a straight line running by A. J. Weathersbee's old mill, thence the line established by J. Seth Mixon, Deputy Surveyor, to the Savannah River, at a point below the mouth of the Upper Three Runs Creek, said survey having been made under Act of Assembly, approved 14 March, 1874; on the southwest by Georgia, from which it is separated by the Savannah River.

Aiken County; location and boundaries.
IV., 661, 664; V., 478, 506; VI., 463;
VII., 199, 248, 261, 284; XIV., 695.

Sec. 406. ANDERSON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northwest and north by Oconee and Pickens Counties, from which it is divided by a line commencing at the mouth of Cane Creek, on Tugaloo River, and running thence to the point where Eighteen Mile Creek is crossed by the road leading from Pendleton to Hagood's Store, thence to the mouth of George's Creek, on Saluda River; on the northeast and east by Greenville County, from which it is separated by the Saluda River; on the southeast by Abbeville County, from which it is divided by a line drawn from a marked black-gum on the east bank of the Savannah River, at the foot of Grape Shoals, to a willow-oak, marked "A. & P.," on the south side of Saluda

Anderson County; location and boundaries.
I., 196; VI., 59, 289, 341; VII., 261.

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River; on the southwest by the State of Georgia, from which it is separated by the Savannah River.

Barnwell County;
location and boundaries.

IV., 664; VII.,
199, 284; XIV.,
695.

SEC. 407. BARNWELL COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northwest by Aiken County, from which it is divided by a line beginning at the point upon the Savannah River, below the mouth of the Upper Three Runs Creek, as established by the survey of J. Seth Mixon, under Act approved March 14, 1874, and following said line to A. J. Weathersbee's old mill; thence to South Edisto River, in the direction of the point on the North Edisto River (mouth of Cedar Branch) where the line between Orangeburg and Lexington Counties, drawn from Big Beaver Creek, touches said river; on the northeast by Orangeburg County, from which it is separated by the South Edisto River as far down as Tyler's Ferry; on the southeast by Colleton and Hampton Counties, from which it is divided by the old District line, stretching from Nelson's Ferry, on the Santee River, to Matthew's Bluff, on Savannah River; and on the southwest by the State of Georgia, from which it is separated by the Savannah River.

Beaufort County;
location and boundaries.

VII., 199, 251, 284.

SEC. 408. BEAUFORT COUNTY is bounded as follows: West and southwest by the State of Georgia, from which it is separated by the Savannah River; south and southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, including in the County all the Islands along the coast from the mouth of the Savannah River to St. Helena Sound; northeast by Colleton County, from which it is separated by St. Helena Sound and by the Combahee and Salkehatchee Rivers; and north by the centre of the track of the Savannah and Charleston Railroad, separating it from the County of Hampton, which was formerly a part of Beaufort County.

1878, XVI., 375.

Berkeley County;
location and boundaries.

1882, XVII., 682.

SEC. 409. BERKELEY COUNTY is bounded as follows: Eastwardly, north-eastwardly, and north, by the Santee River, separating it from the Counties of Georgetown, Williamsburg, and Clarendon; north also by Orangeburg; west, north-westwardly, and west, by Colleton County; south and southwestwardly by the County of Charleston; it shall include within its limits all of the subdivisions formerly known as the Parishes of St. John's Berkeley, St. John's Colleton, St. Stephen's, St. Thomas' and St. Dennis', St. James' Goose Creek, and, saving as is hereinafter excepted, the Parishes of St. James' Santee, Christ Church, and St. Andrew's.

Charleston County;
location and boundaries.

Id.

SEC. 410. CHARLESTON COUNTY is bounded as follows: Beginning at the mouth of Stono River, up the said river to, along, and through Wappoo Cut to Ashley River; thence along the west bank of Ashley River to a point opposite the old line of the Parish of St. Philip on the north; thence across Ashley River and Charleston Neck, on the said Parish line, to Cooper River; thence down Cooper

River, through Hog Island Channel, to the point of land at the extremity of Hadrell's Point seaward; thence along and skirting the marsh at high-water mark on the main land, following the line of the shore until it reaches the mouth of Owen-daw Creek, and thence by the shortest line northeastwardly to the South Santee River, so as to include the village of McClellansville; then down the South Santee River to the Ocean, to the limit of the jurisdiction of the State; and thence southwardly along the line of the jurisdiction of the State to a point opposite the mouth of the Stono River; thence to the first point of departure.

A. D. 1832.

Sec. 411. CHESTER COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by a line beginning at a hickory tree, on the southwest side of the Catawba River, about ten chains above the mouth of Ferrill's Creek, and running (nearly south 80° west) by an old line, called and known by the name of the Line of the New Acquisition, to an ash and black-gum, on the bank of Broad River, on Robert Elliott's lands; thence down Broad River to the mouth of Sandy River; thence in a direct line to the mouth of Rocky Creek, on the Catawba River; thence up to the Catawba River, to the place of beginning.

Chester County;
location and bound-
aries.
IV., 662; V., 517;
VII., 284.

Sec. 412. CHESTERFIELD COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the east by Marlborough County, from which it is separated by Great Peedee River; on the south by Darlington County, from which it is divided by Cedar Creek, commencing at its mouth, where it enters into the Great Peedee, and up said creek to the head of the southernmost branch, and thence by a direct line (south 51° 45' west) to the fork of Lynch's River; on the southwest by Kershaw and Lancaster Counties, from which it is separated by Lynch's River.

Chesterfield
County; location
and boundaries.
IV., 662; VII.,
199, 261, 284; XII,
785.

Sec. 413. CLARENDON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north and northwest by Sumter County, from which it is divided by the following lines: beginning at a corner on the east side of Santee River, and running thence (north 76° east) six hundred and fifty-four chains, to a forked pine corner, thence (south 82° east) one hundred and four chains to a pine corner, thence (north 76° east) five hundred and twenty chains, to a post on the Vance's Ferry Road, thence (north 77° east) three hundred and sixty-eight chains and fifty links, to a corner in Pooctaligo River, thence (north 51° east) one hundred and thirty-four chains and fifty links, to a corner, thence (north 55° east) six hundred and fifty chains and fifty links, to a corner in Black River, thence (north 86½° east) sixty-three chains, to a post on the Salem Road, thence (north 52° east) two hundred chains, to a black-gum corner, thence (north 55° east) four hundred and one chains, to a pine corner, thence (north 58½° east) one hundred and thirty-five chains, to the eastern side of Dyall's Bay, thence (north 55° east) fifteen chains, to Mill Bay, thence (north 57½° east) ninety-

Clarendon Coun-
ty; location and
boundaries.
IV., 662; VII.,
199, 261; XII,
416, 611, 621.

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four chains, to two sweet-gums, thence (north 55° east) four hundred and sixty-six chains and eighty links, to a corner on the western bank of Lynch's River, the said line being forty-seven and one-half miles and one hundred and sixty yards in length; on the northeast by Darlington County, from which it is separated by Lynch's River; on the southeast by Williamsburg County, from which it is divided by a line (originally straight, but now a little bending where it intersects Black River) beginning at a point on Lynch's River, nearly a mile and a half below the old Saw Mill Ferry, and running (south $22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) about forty-three miles, or until it intersects the Santee River, three-quarters of a mile below Gaillard's Island; on the south and southwest by the Santee River, which divides it from Berkeley and Orangeburg Counties.

Colleton County;
location and bound-
aries,
VII., 190, 284.

SEC. 414. COLLETON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the east and north by Berkeley County, from which it is divided as follows: by a line beginning at the mouth of South Edisto River, where it empties into the Atlantic Ocean, and following up said river to the Dawho River, then by this river to its intersection with the North Edisto (here called Wadmalaw), up this river into New Cut, thence through said cut into the West branch of Stono River, and thence following the course of said branch to its junction with the Stono River, then up the East branch of the Stono River, about five miles in a straight line above Rantowle's Bridge, (near where the line of St. Paul's Parish intersects,) thence by a waving line stretching up Stono Swamp, and over to Ashley Hill, on Ashley River, then down this river to Sampit Creek, and then up this creek to its head, then across the country northeast to Windsor Hill, the extreme southeast corner of the County, then by a straight line drawn from Windsor Hill (north 49° west) to Four Hole Swamp, three-quarters of a mile above Four Hole Bridge, near Harley's, then up the Four Hole Swamp, about fifteen miles, to the intersection of the line drawn from Nelson's Ferry, on Santee River, to Matthew's Bluff, on Savannah River; on the northwest by Orangeburg and Barnwell Counties, from which it is divided by the old line running (south 53° west) from Nelson's Ferry to Matthew's Bluff, to where it intersects the Big Salkehatchie River, about two miles and a half above Broxham's Ford; on the southwest by Beaufort County, from which it is separated by the Salkehatchie and Combahee Rivers and St. Helena Sound.

Darlington Coun-
ty; location and
boundaries.
IV., 662; VII.,
199, 261, 284; XII.,
789.

SEC. 415. DARLINGTON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast by a line beginning at the mouth of Cedar Creek, thence down the Great Peedee to the old District line, thence along said line to Lynch's River, thence up the said River to the fork, (mouth of Little Lynch's River,) thence by direct line (north 51° $45'$ east) to the head of the southernmost branch of Cedar Creek, thence down said creek to its mouth, the place of beginning.

SEC. 416. EDGEFIELD COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the southwest by the Savannah River, by which it is separated from Georgia; on the northwest by a line drawn from the mouth of Little River (north 34° east) fourteen miles and sixty chains, to a point, and thence (north 40° east) nineteen miles and thirty-eight chains, or until it intersects Saluda River at a point one-fourth of a mile above Island Ford; on the northeast by Newberry County, from which it is separated by the Saluda River; on the southeast by Lexington and Aiken Counties, from which it is divided by a line drawn from Rocky Creek, on Saluda River, in the direction of Silver Bluff, on Savannah River, to where such line intersects the south branch of Chinquepin Falls Creek (a tributary of the North Edisto River), and thence to the mouth of Fox's Creek, where it intersects the Savannah River.

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Edgefield County: location and boundaries.
IV., 661; VI., 463; VII., 199, 284; XIV., 695.

SEC. 417. FAIRFIELD COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by Chester County, from which it is divided by a line running from the mouth of Rocky Creek, on the Catawba River, to the mouth of Sandy River, on Broad River; on the west and southwest by Broad River, by which it is separated from the Counties of Union, Newberry, and Lexington; on the south by Richland County, from which it is divided by Little River, from its mouth up to a point about half a mile above the plantation of Mr. Shaffer (one mile above the mouth of Shaffer's Creek), and a line running from thence in a direct course to the Round Top, near Dohertie's Mill; on the east by the Counties of Kershaw and Lancaster, from which it is divided by a line drawn from the last mentioned point, Round Top (north $18^{\circ} 15'$ east) fourteen miles and twenty-three chains, to the intersection of Wateree River, where Cornell's Creek enters it; thence up the Wateree and Catawba Rivers as high as the mouth of Rocky Creek.

Fairfield County: location and boundaries.
IV., 662; V., 317; VII., 199, 284.

SEC. 418. GEORGETOWN COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north and northeast by Marion and Horry Counties, from which it is separated as follows: from Marion County by the Great Peedee River, from Britton's Ferry to its junction with the Little Peedee River; from Horry County by the Great Peedee River, from its junction with the Little Peedee to its junction with Bull Creek, and thence by said Creek to Waccanaw River, and thence by said river down to a point about half a mile below Prince's Creek, and thence by a line running (north $86\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ east) five miles and sixty-seven chains, to a cedar post on the sea-shore, planted at low water mark; on the southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, including all the islands between the last mentioned cedar post and the mouth of South Santee River; on the south and southwest by the Counties of Charleston and Berkeley, from which it is separated by the South Santee and Santee Rivers as far up as Leneud's Ferry; on the west and northwest by Williamsburg County, from which it is divided by the

Georgetown County: location and boundaries.
IV., 662; V., 107, 178; VII., 199, 22.

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Greenville County; location and boundaries.
VII., 245, 284.

main road leading from Leneud's Ferry, on the Santee River, across Potato Ferry (on Black River), to Britton's Ferry, on the Great Peedee.

SEC. 419. GREENVILLE COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the east and southeast by Spartanburg and Laurens Counties, from which it is divided as follows: from Spartanburg County, by a line commencing on the North Carolina line, at a stone marked "S. C.," on the east side of Blackstock road, near the Tryon Mountain, and running (south 2° east) twenty-two miles and sixty-four chains, or until it intersects the Enoree River at Abner's Mill; thence down the Enoree River, to a point about one mile and three-quarters below Anderson's Bridge (the corner of Greenville and Laurens Counties); from Laurens County, by a line commencing at said point (opposite Zadock's Ford), and running (south 17° west) eleven miles and sixty chains, to a point; thence (south 4° east) three miles and forty-five chains, to a water-oak, marked "L. G.," on Reedy River; thence running to the mouth of Line Creek, where it enters the Saluda River; on the west by Anderson and Pickens Counties, from which it is separated by the Saluda River.

Hampton County; location and boundaries.
1878, XVI., 375.

SEC. 420. HAMPTON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast by Colleton County, from which it is separated by the Combahee and Salkehatchie Rivers; on the northwest by Barnwell County; and on the south by the centre line of the track of the Savannah and Charleston Railroad separating it from Beaufort County, of which it was once a part.

Horry County; location and boundaries.
IV., 563.
V., 407, 544.

SEC. 421. HORRY COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the southeast by the Atlantic Ocean, a line of thirty-one miles; on the northeast by the North Carolina line, beginning at a cedar stake (marked with nine notches) on the sea-shore of Goat Island, about one and a quarter miles east of the mouth of Little River, and running from thence until it intersects Lumber River (about five and a fourth miles to the east of Newsom's Ferry); on the west and southwest by Marion and Georgetown Counties, from which it is separated as follows: by Lumber River to Little Peedee River, thence by Little Peedee River to its junction with Great Peedee River, thence by Great Peedee River to its junction with Bull Creek, thence by said creek to the Waccamaw River, and down this river to a point about half a mile below Prince's Creek; and thence by a line running over to a cedar post on the sea-shore (north 86½° east) five miles and sixty-seven chains.

Kershaw County; location and boundaries.
V., 218; VI., 69;
VII., 270, 284;
IX., 386.

SEC. 422. KERSHAW COUNTY is bounded on the southeast by Sumter County, from which it is divided by a line beginning at Spivey's Ferry, on Lynch's River, and extending (south 45° west) about twenty-four miles, or until it intersects the Salisbury Road, in Col. D. Stark's plantation; from thence (south 84° west) about

one mile, to Big Swift Creek, opposite to Raglin's Gut; and thence by this gut to Wateree River; on the southwest by Richland County, from which it is divided by a line beginning at the Wateree River, opposite to the last mentioned point, and running (south 66° west), or by Raglin's Creek, to Spears' Creek; thence up Raglin's Creek to its head; thence by a straight line (north $40\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) ten miles seventeen chains; thence (north $56\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) one mile fourteen chains, to a point over Rice Creek, on Peay's plantation, nearly half a mile above the fork of Twenty-five Mile Creek; on the west by Fairfield County, from it is separated by a line drawn from the last mentioned point (north $18\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$ east) twenty-three miles fourteen chains, or until it intersects the Wateree River, and up the said river half a mile above Peay's Ferry; on the northwest and north by Lancaster County, from which it is divided by the following lines: beginning at the Wateree River, half a mile above Peay's Ferry, and running (north 47° east) nine miles thirty-seven and a half chains, thence (north 47° east) forty-seven chains, to the Beaver Creek Road, thence (north $72\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ east) seventy and a half chains; thence (north 48° east) two miles sixty-three chains, or until it intersects Lynch's River, about ten chains above Harrison's Ford; on the northeast by Chesterfield and Darlington Counties, from which it is separated by Lynch's River down to the place of beginning.

SEC. 423. LANCASTER COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the west by the Catawba River and Big Sugar Creek from the point where it enters said river to the intersection of the North Carolina line, which separates it from the Counties of York, Chester, and Fairfield; on the south by Kershaw County, from which it is divided by a line beginning at a point on the Wateree River, half a mile above Peay's Ferry, and running (north 47° east) six miles and thirty-seven and a half chains, thence (north 74° east) forty-seven chains, thence (north $72\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ east) twenty chains and thirty links, thence (north 48° east) sixty-three chains, to where the Rocky River Road crosses the Hanging Rock Creek, thence south, following the road to Camden, down to a point opposite to Miller's house, or at the head of a branch of Hanging Rock Creek, thence (north $62\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ east) fourteen and a half miles, or until it intersects Lynch's River, at Harrison's Ford; on the east by Chesterfield County, from which it is separated by Lynch's River.

SEC. 424. LAURENS COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the southwest by the Saluda River, by which it is separated from Abbeville County; on the northwest by Greenville County, from which it is divided by a line commencing at the mouth of Line Creek, where it enters the Saluda River, and running five miles and forty-five chains to a water-oak, marked "L. G.," on Reedy River, thence (north 4° west) three miles and forty-five chains to a point, thence (north 17° east) eleven

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Lancaster County: location and boundaries.
1873. XV., 425.
IV., 662; V., 218, 697; VI., 69; VII., 284.

Laurens County: location and boundaries.
IV., 661; V., 220, 545; VII., 284.

A. D. 1882.

miles and sixty chains, to the ford on Enoree River, opposite Zadock's Ford; on the northeast by the Enoree River, which separates it from Spartanburg and Union Counties; on the southeast by Newberry County, from which it is divided by the old road leading from Odel's Ford, on the Enoree River, to Island Ford, on the Saluda River.

Lexington County; location and boundaries. — IV., 664; V., 478, 506; VI., 463; VII., 248, 263; XIV., 695.

SEC. 425. LEXINGTON COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north and northeast by Fairfield and Richland Counties, from which it is separated by the Broad and Congaree Rivers; on the southeast by Orangeburg County, from which it is divided by Beaver Creek, from its mouth to the head of its main branch, and then by a direct line to the mouth of the Cedar Pond Branch, on the north fork of Edisto River; on the southwest by Aiken County, from which it is separated by the north fork of Edisto River, to the mouth of the south branch of Chinquepin Falls Creek, and then by said creek to a point where it intersects the line drawn from Silver Bluff, on the Savannah River, to the mouth of Rocky Creek, on Saluda River; on the northwest by Edgefield and Newberry Counties, from which it is divided by a line drawn from Silver Bluff, on Savannah River, to the mouth of Rocky Creek, on Saluda River, and thence, on the same course, to Broad River.

Marion County; location and boundaries. — IV., 663; VII., 199, 284, 261; XII., 785, 835.

SEC. 426. MARION COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast by North Carolina, beginning at Lumber River, at the northwest corner of Horry County, and running (north $47\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) thirty-one miles and thirty chains, to a point designated by a dead pine tree, near McKensie's house, half a mile south and southeast from the road leading from the Red Bluff, (on Green Swamp,) in Marlborough County; on the northwest by Marlborough and Darlington Counties, from which it is separated by a line beginning at the said pine tree on the North Carolina line, and running (south $22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) to Lynch's River, opposite to the same line continued, dividing Williamsburg County from Clarendon County; on the southwest and south by Williamsburg and Georgetown Counties, from which it is divided by Lynch's River and Great Peedee River; on the east by Horry County, from which it is separated by Little Peedee and Lumber Rivers.

Marlborough County; location and boundaries. — IV., 662; VII., 199, 284.

SEC. 427. MARLBOROUGH COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast and north by the North Carolina line; on the southwest by the Great Peedee River, which separates it from the Counties of Chesterfield and Darlington; and on the southeast by Marion County, from which it is divided by a line drawn from a dead pine on the North Carolina line, (south $22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west,) twenty-four and three-fourths miles, until it intersects the Great Peedee River.

SEC. 428. NEWBERRY COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northwest by Laurens County, from which it is divided by a line, beginning at the Island Ford,

on Saluda River, and running thence along the old road to Odel's Ford, on Enoree River; and on the north by a line commencing at Odel's Ford, on Enoree River, and running thence down Enoree to Anderson's Ford, thence along the road to Hill's Ford, on Tiger River, thence down the same to the mouth, thence down Broad River to Hughey's Ferry, by which it is separated from Fairfield County; and on the southeast by a straight line drawn from Hughey's Ferry, formerly Ruff's, (south 17½° west,) sixteen miles and twenty-three chains, or until it intersects the Saluda River, opposite Rocky Creek, and thence up the Saluda River to the place of beginning.

A. D. 1832.

Newberry County: location and boundaries.

IV., 661; VII., 199, 218, 262, 284.

SEC. 429. OCONEE COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the east by Pickens County from which it is divided by a line, covering the southern boundary of the State of North Carolina, where the Tox-away River enters this State, and thence down the centre of said river, by whatever names known, to Ravenel's Bridge, on Seneca River, and thence along the centre of the road leading to Pendleton village, until it intersects the line of the County of Anderson; on the south by Anderson County, from which it is divided by a line commencing at the mouth of Cane Creek, on Tugaloo River, and running thence along the line which originally separated Anderson from Pickens District to its point of intersection with the public road leading from Ravenel's Bridge to Pendleton village; on the west and northwest by the State of Georgia, from which it is separated by the Tugaloo and Chatooga Rivers.

Oconee County: location and boundaries.

1875, XV., 1011; I., 196; VI., 39, 289, 341; Gen., Art. II., §3.

SEC. 430. ORANGEBURG COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north and northeast by Richland and Clarendon Counties, from which it is separated by the Congaree and Santee Rivers; on the southeast by Berkeley and Colleton Counties, from which it is divided by a line drawn (south 52° west) from Nelson's Ferry, on the Santee River, to Matthew's Bluff, on the Savannah River; on the southwest by Barnwell County, from which it is separated by the South Edisto River; on the northwest by Aiken and Lexington Counties, from which it is divided by a direct line drawn from A. J. Weathersbee's old mill, on the line between Barnwell and Aiken Counties, to the point where the Cedar Pond Branch empties into the North Fork of the Edisto, and by another direct line, drawn from said point where the Cedar Pond Branch empties into the North Fork of the Edisto, to the head waters of the main branch of Beaver Creek, thence down said creek to its junction with the Congaree River.

Oranzenburg County: location and boundaries.

V., 407; VII., 199, 261, 284; XIV., 695.

SEC. 431. PICKENS COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the east by Greenville County, from which it is separated by the Saluda River; on the south by Anderson County, from which it is

Pickens County: location and boundaries.

I., 196; VI., 39, 289, 341; VII., 252, 284.

A. D. 1882.

1875, XV., 1044.

Richland County;
location and bound-
aries.
IV., 662; VII.,
290, §2; V., 219,
317.

Spartanburg
County; location
and boundaries.
IV., 661.
VII., 284.

divided by a line beginning at the mouth of Cape Creek, on the Tugaloo River, and thence running to the point where Eighteen Mile Creek is crossed by the road leading from Pendleton to Hagood's Store, and thence to the mouth of George's Creek, on the Saluda River; on the west by Oconee County, from which it is divided by a line leaving the southern boundary of the State of North Carolina where the Toxaway enters this State, and thence down the centre of said river, by whatever names known, to Ravenel's Bridge, on Seneca River, and thence along the centre of the road leading to Pendleton village until it intersects the line of the County of Anderson.

SEC. 432. RICHLAND COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the east by Sumter County, from which it is separated by the Wateree River; on the north by Kershaw and Fairfield Counties, from which it is divided by a line beginning at the mouth of Raglin's Creek, where it empties into the Wateree River, and thence up Raglin's Gut and Creek to its source, thence by a straight line (north 50° west) twelve miles and sixteen chains, to a point designating the corner of Kershaw and Fairfield Counties, (which lines form the boundary of Kershaw County,) thence by a straight line drawn (north 88° west) seventeen miles and forty chains, to the intersection of Little River, about one mile above the mouth of Shaver's Creek, and down said river to its junction with Broad River (which separates it from Fairfield); on the west and south by the Counties of Lexington and Orangeburg, from which it is separated by the Broad and Congaree Rivers.

SEC. 433. SPARTANBURG COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the west by Greenville County, from which it is divided by a line commencing on the North Carolina line, at a stone marked "S. C.," on the east side of Blackstock's Road, near the Tryon Mountain, and running (south 2° east) twenty-two miles and sixty-four chains, or until it intersects the Enoree River, at Abner's Mill on said river, thence down the Enoree River to a point about one mile and three-quarters below Anderson's Bridge (the corner of Greenville and Laurens Counties); on the southwest by the Enoree River, down to a dead Spanish oak, below Head's Ford, and a little above the mouth of a small creek, which divides it from Laurens County; on the southeast by Union County, from which it is divided by the following lines: beginning at the dead Spanish oak on the north side of Enoree River, and running (north 12° east) three miles and twenty-six chains, thence (north 17° east) two miles and twenty-eight chains, thence (north 6½° east) eleven miles and 15 chains, crossing Tyger River, to Fair Forest Creek, thence (north 33° 45' east) six miles and thirty-seven chains, to Pacolet River, a little below Gist's Mill, thence (north 29° east) fourteen miles and four chains, to

a point on the west bank of Broad River, a little above the mouth of Cherokee Creek; and on the northeast by Broad River, up to the North Carolina line, the point of beginning, which divides it from York County.

A. D. 1882.

SEC. 434. SUMTER COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast by Darlington County, from which it is separated by Lynch's River; on the southeast by Clarendon County, from which it is divided by the following lines: (see northwest line of Clarendon County); on the west by the Santee and Wateree Rivers, which separate it from Orangeburg and Richland Counties; on the northwest by Kershaw County, from which it is divided by a line running up Raglin's Gut to Big Swift Creek; thence (north 84° east) over the road leading to Statesburg, and thence (north 84° east) twenty-four miles, or until it intersects Lynch's River, at Spivey's Ferry.

Sumter County;
location and boundaries.
XII., 416, 21.
VII., 284.

SEC. 435. UNION COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the northeast by Broad River, which separates it from York, Chester, and Fairfield Counties; on the northwest by Spartanburg, from which it is divided by the following lines: beginning at a point on Broad River, one-half mile above the mouth of Cherokee Creek, and running thence (south 29° west) to Pacolet River; thence (south $33\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) to the intersection of Fair Forest Creek; thence (south $6\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west) across the Tyger River to Hackett's Creek; thence (south 17° west) two miles twenty-eight chains, to the Cross Keys Road; thence (south 12° west) to a dead Spanish oak on the north bank of the Enoree River, a little above Musgrove's Ford, opposite Gordon's Mills; on the southwest by Laurens and Newberry Counties, from which it is divided by the Enoree River, down to Avery's Ford; thence by the road to Crenshaw's Ford, on the Tyger River; thence down said river to its junction with the Broad River, which forms its southeast boundary.

Union County;
location and boundaries.
IV., 662.
VII., 284.

SEC. 436. WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the southwest by Berkeley County, from which it is separated by the Santee River; on the northwest by Clarendon and Darlington Counties, from which it is divided by a line commencing at a point on the Santee River, extending across into Berkeley County (south $22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ west); until it intersects the line dividing St. Stephen's and St. John's Berkeley at the Santee River; thence (north $22\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ east)—with very little variation at Black River—to Lynch's River, at a point one mile and a quarter below the old Saw Mill Ferry, and opposite to the same line continued to the northeast boundary of the State; on the northeast by Lynch's River and Great Peedee River, which separates it from Marion County; on the southeast by Georgetown County, from which it is divided by the road leading from Britton's and Bradley's Ferry, on the Great Peedee River, to Leneud's Ferry, on the Santee River.

Williamsburg
County; location
and boundaries.
IV., 663; V., 407;
VII., 199, 261.

A. D. 1882.

York County ;
location and bound-
aries.

I., 172; IV., 662;
V., 318; VII., 281;
XV., 425.

SEC. 437. YORK COUNTY is bounded as follows: On the north by the North Carolina line; on the west by the Counties of Spartanburg and Union, from which it is separated by Broad River; on the south by Chester County, from which it is divided by a line beginning at a hickory tree, on the southwest side of the Catawba River, about ten chains above the mouth of Ferrill's Creek, and running (nearly south 88° west) by an old line called and known by the name of the Line of the New Acquisition, to an ash and black-gum on the bank of Broad River, on Robert Elliott's land; on the east by the County of Lancaster and the North Carolina line.

Public Property.

Property of
County.
1868, XIV.,
134, 236.

SEC. 438. Real and personal estate heretofore conveyed by any form of conveyance to the inhabitants of a County or District, to a Committee or Commissioners or other persons, or existing in a County or District for the use and benefit of a County or District, shall be deemed to be the property of such County; and such conveyance shall have the same force and effect as if made to such County by its corporate name.

Public officers
having care of pub-
lic buildings may
insure the same.
Ib., 232.

SEC. 439. The public officers having by law the care and custody of town, village, city, or County buildings, are authorized to insure the same at the expense and for the benefit of the town, village, city, or County owning the same.

County property
exempt from levy
and sale.
1874, XV., 686.

SEC. 440. All County poor farms, poor houses, and hospitals, court houses, jails, and all other public property of every kind or description actually used as such, are forever exempt from attachment, levy, and sale, on account of any judgment, lien, or claim whatsoever against the County to which they or any of them belong.

Claims against County.

See County Commissioners.