

### National and Regional Economic Update

South Carolina Board of Economic Advisors October 14, 2025

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Richmond • Baltimore • Charlotte



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#### Where are we now?

#### What we know

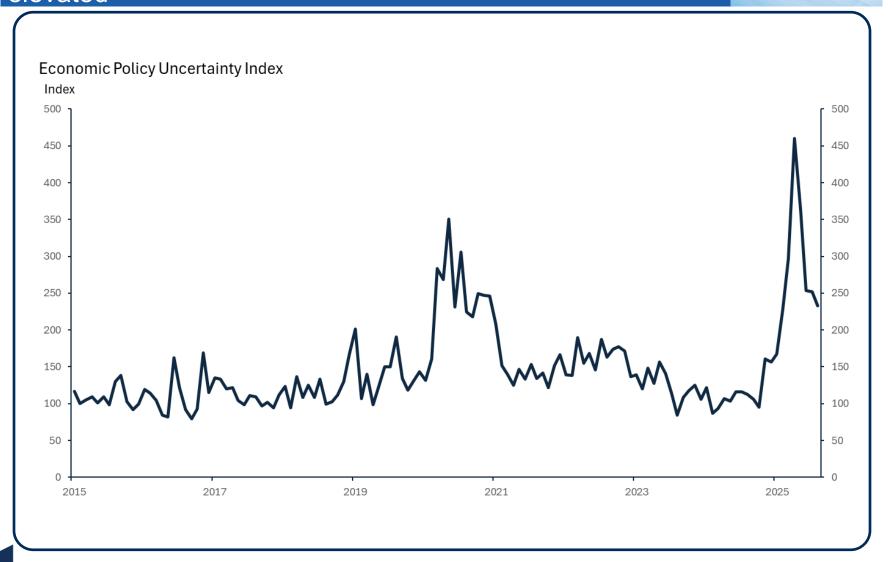
- GDP growth continues at a solid pace, although the underlying dynamics through the second quarter indicate flattening activity
- Consumer spending has also held up, amidst an historically low unemployment rate
- ➤ We have seen a slowdown in labor market indicators, including payroll employment growth. However, South Carolina has exhibited stronger labor market conditions this year compared to the rest of the U.S.
- Inflation is coming down, but remains stubbornly above the FOMC's 2% target
- Business outlook remains steady, although investment overall is somewhat flat and businesses report holding off on investment amidst "a fog" (that is starting to lift)

#### What we don't know

- Economic data is lagged—and it is imperfect
- How tariffs will move through the economy and what aggregate price increases might do to inflation expectations.
- What does a softer labor supply growth mean for "breakeven" jobs growth?

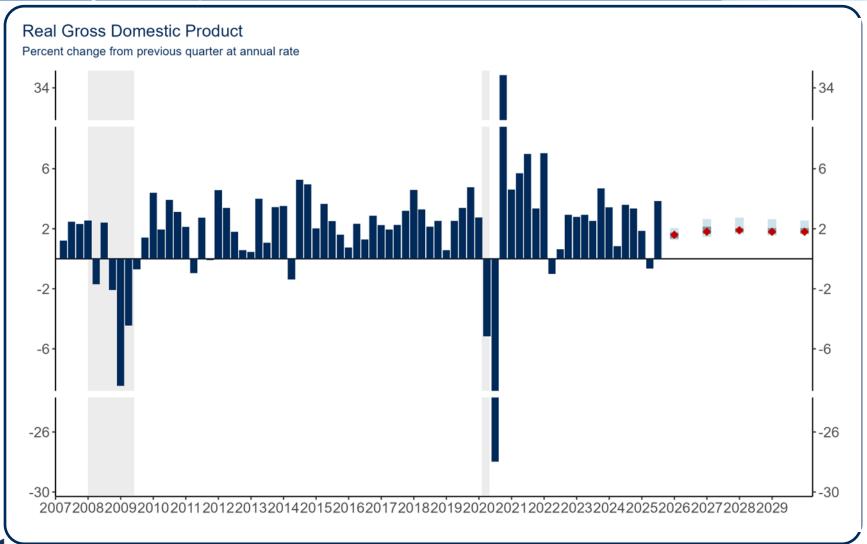


## Economic policy uncertainty has diminished but still remains elevated



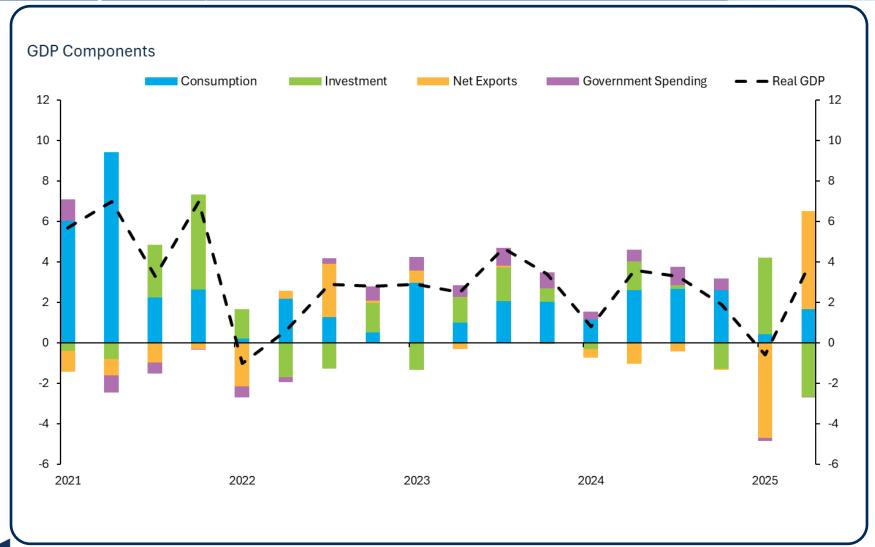


### Q1 GDP growth was negative, primarily due to net exports and softening consumption. Growth rebounded in Q2



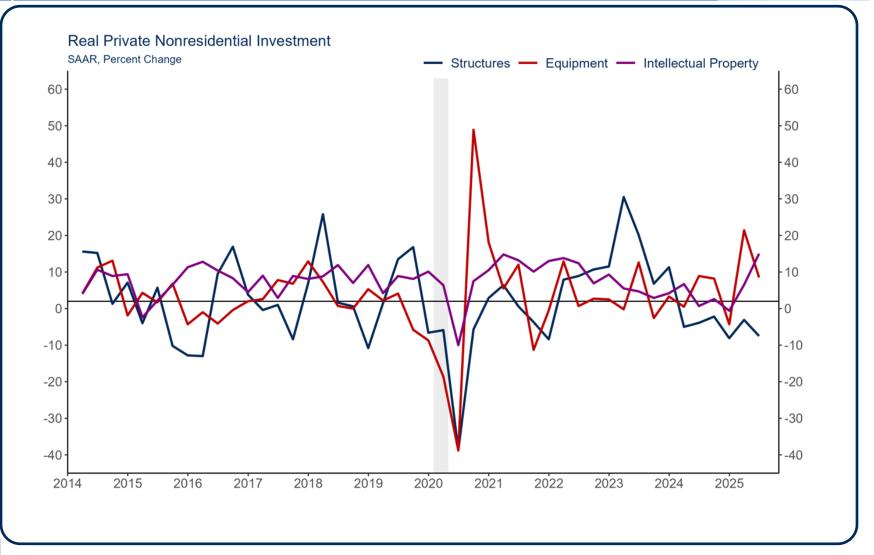


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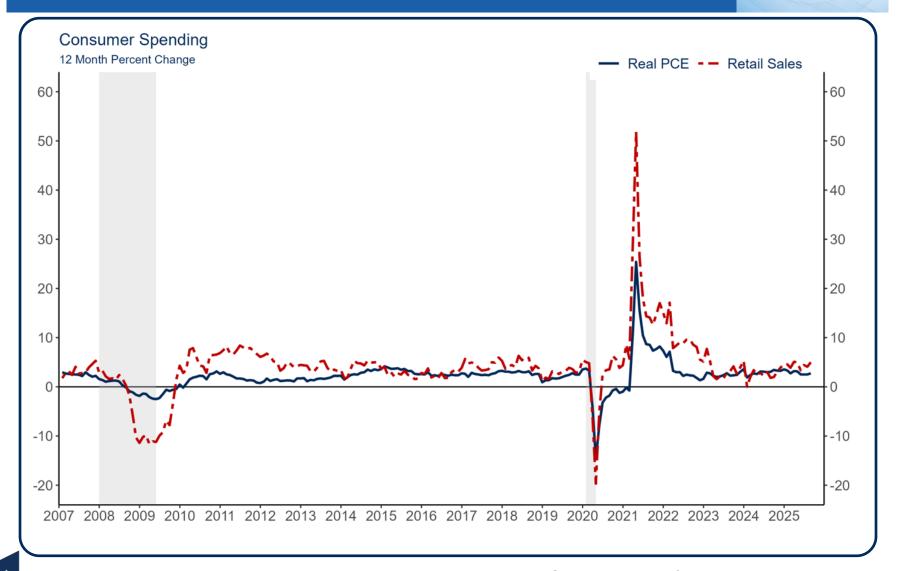
# Capital spending has been soft, but other investment picked up in Q2





Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

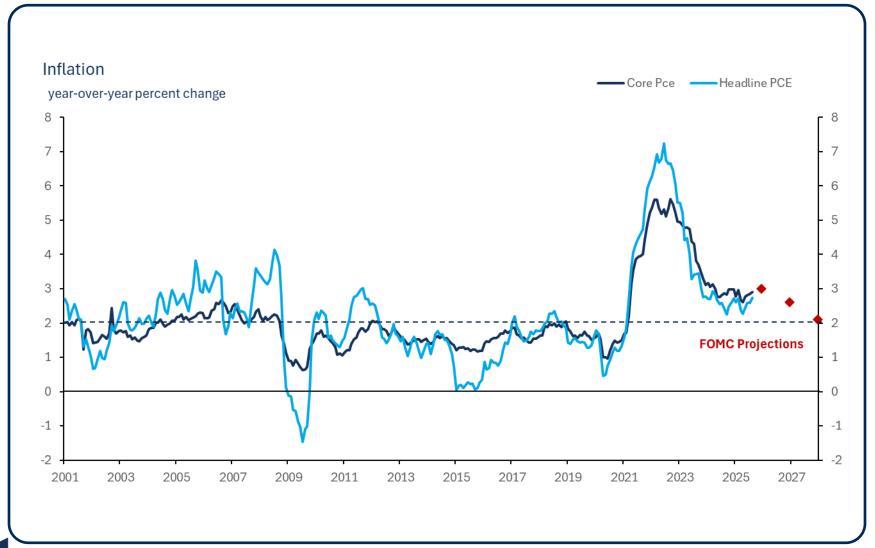
#### Consumer spending has not grown notably, but has held up





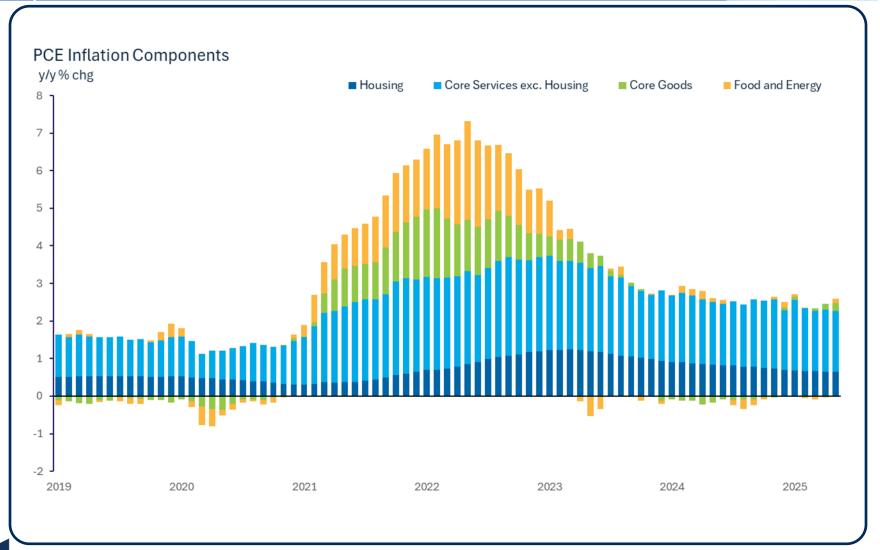
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis/ Haver

# There has been a lot of progress on inflation, but it remains stubbornly above the Fed's 2 percent target





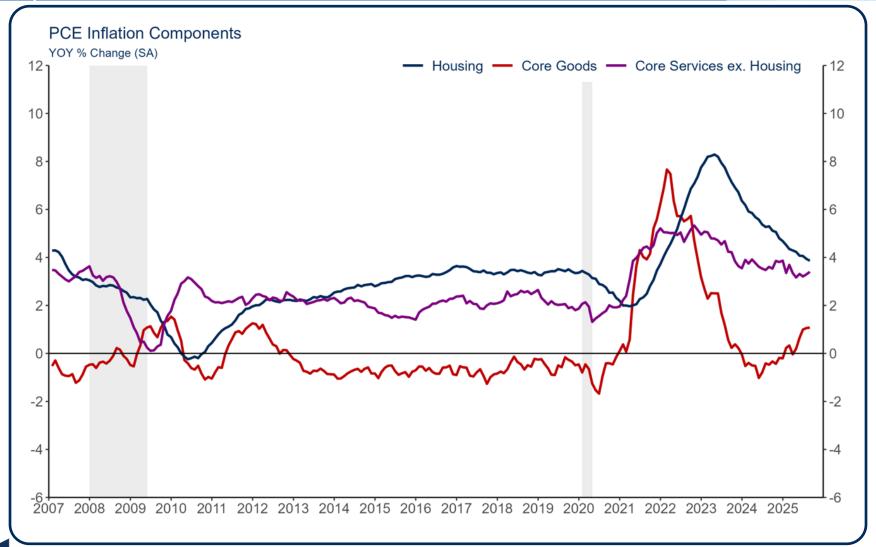
# Core goods are now contributing to inflation, but tariff impacts are limited in the data





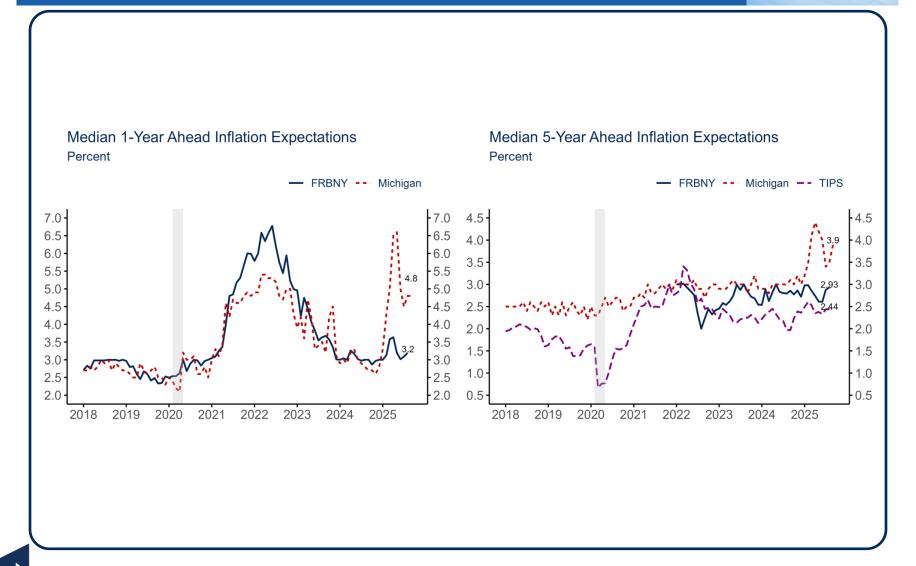
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, San Francisco Fed

## Core goods are now contributing to inflation, but tariff impacts are limited in the data



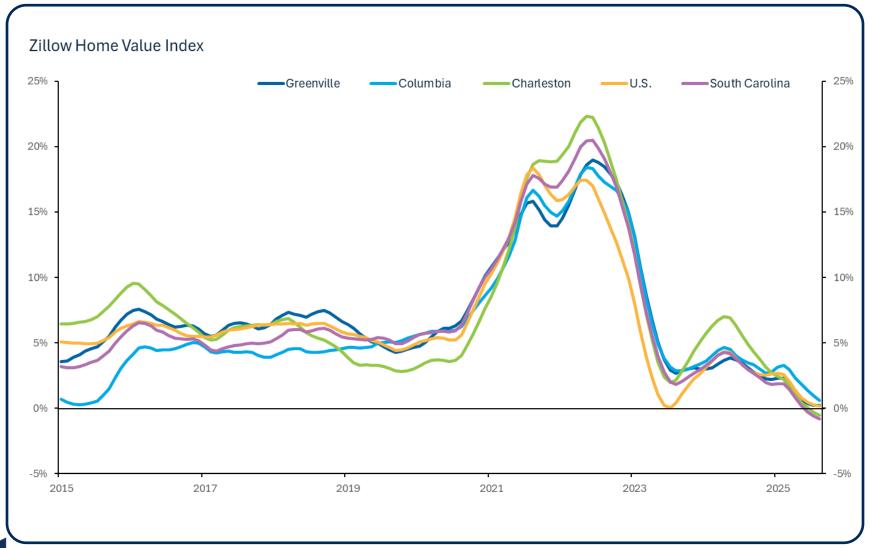


#### How firmly are inflation expectations anchored?



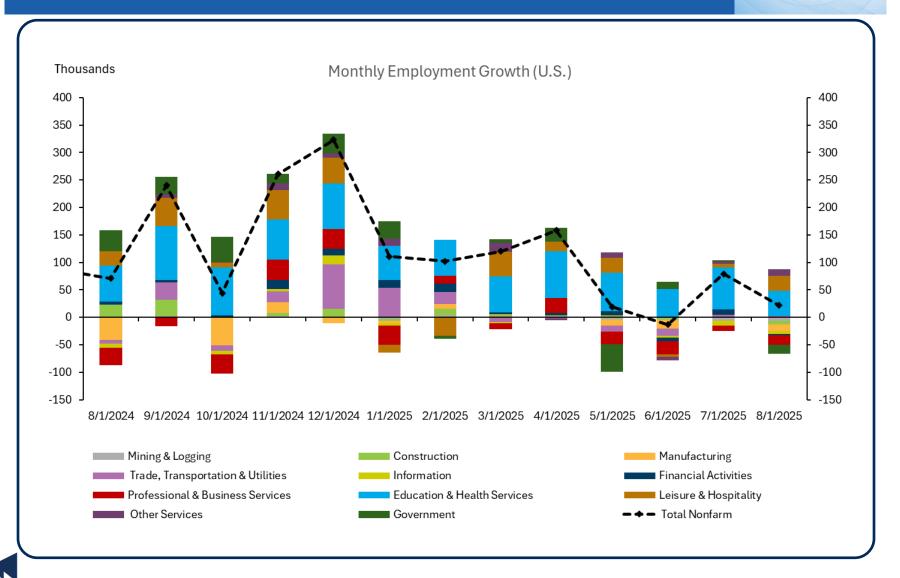


# Home price growth is softening, though affordability challenges remain



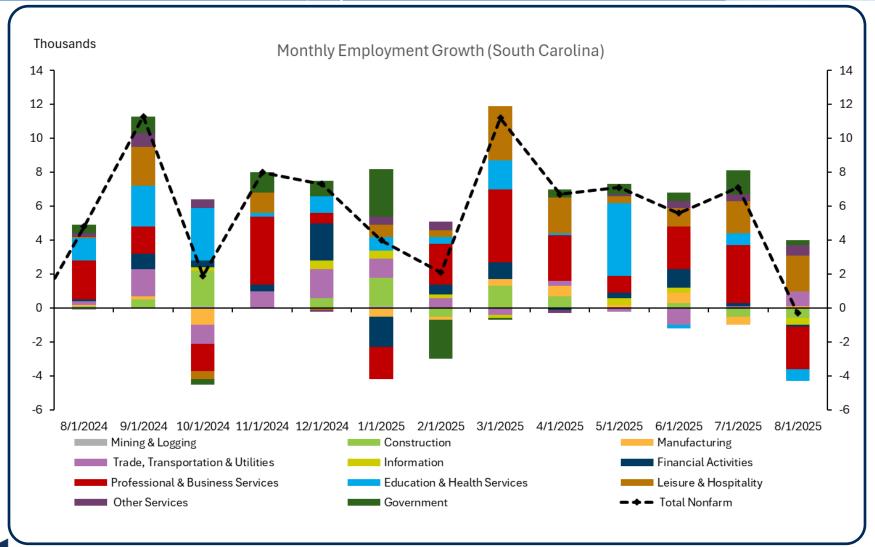
Source: Zillow, Haver Analytics

#### Recent job gains are dominated by a few industries



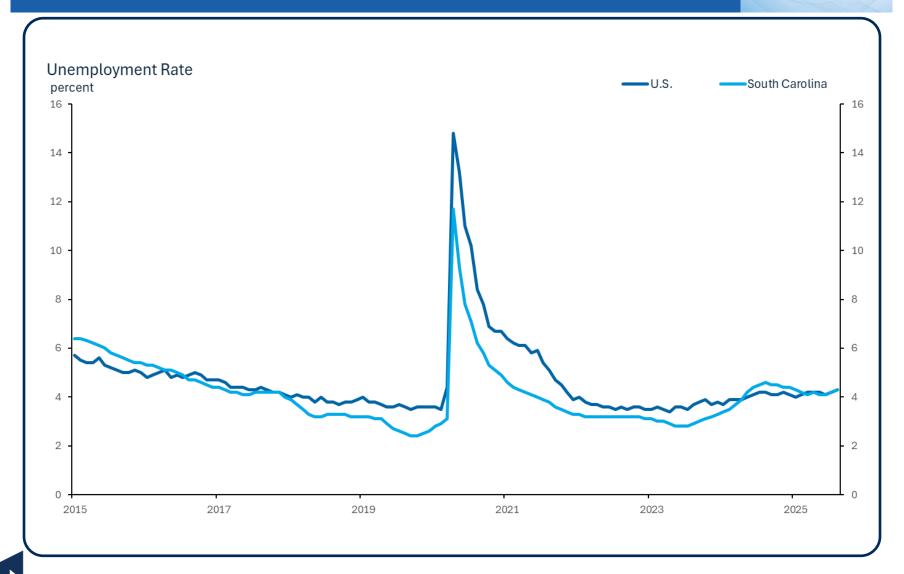


### South Carolina exhibited strong job growth this year, but has seen recent declines in employment





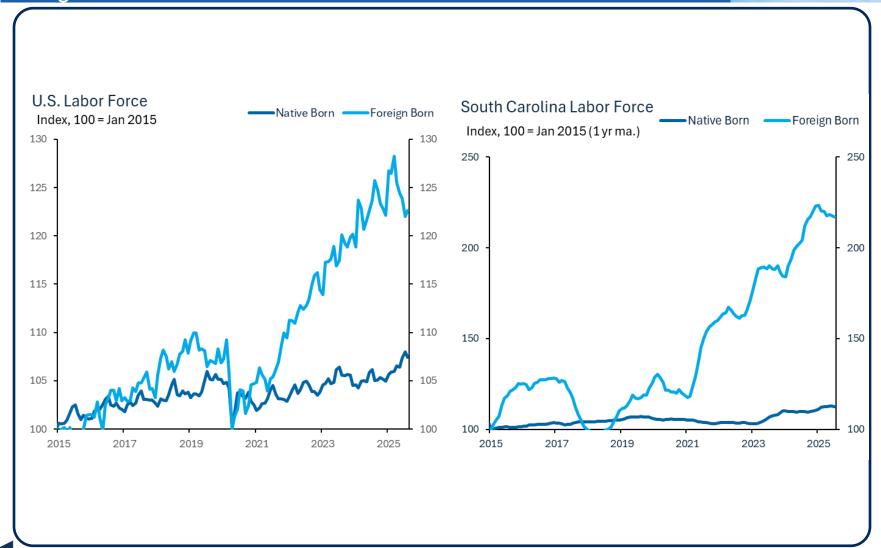
#### However, the unemployment rate is still at historic lows





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/Haver Analytics

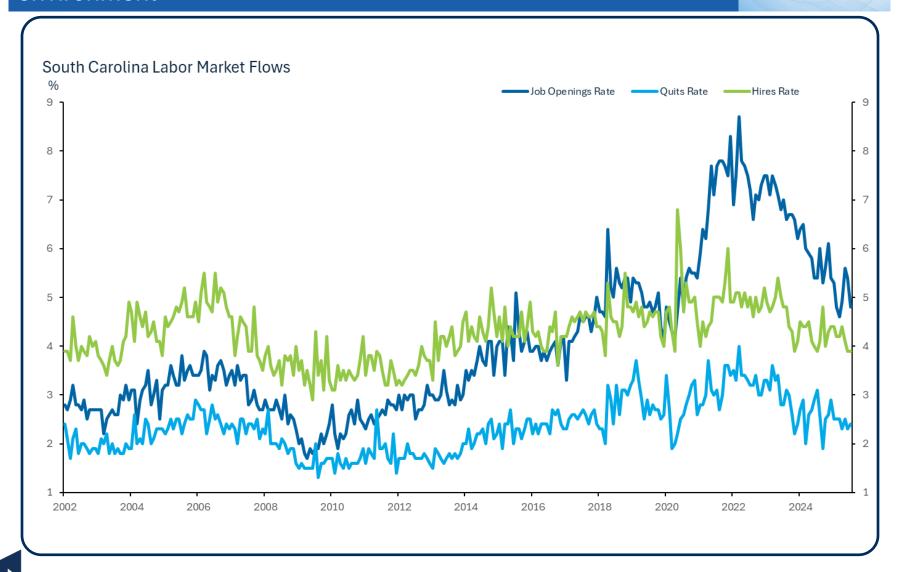
### Most labor force growth over the past decade has been due to foreign-born workers





Source: Current Population Survey, FRED

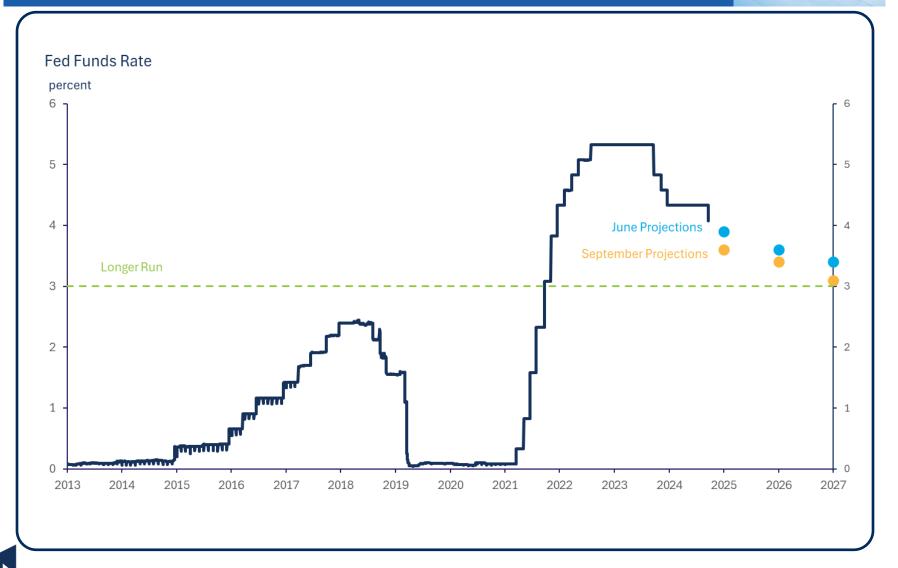
### Labor markets are normalizing; we are in a low hire, low fire environment





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics/JOLTS/Haver Analytics

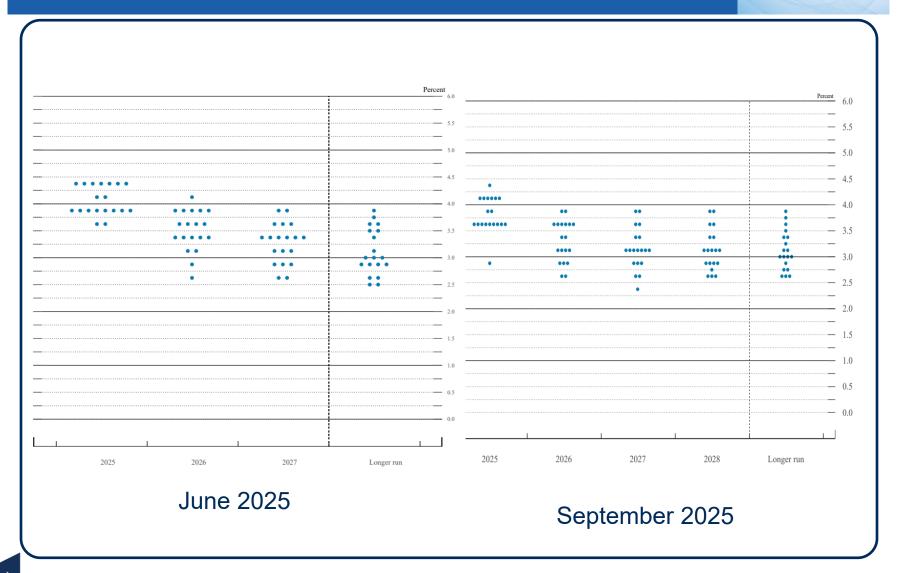
#### The FOMC lowered interest rates for the first time this year





Source: Board of Governors/ Summary of Economic Projections

#### How have policymaker expectations changed?





Source: Board of Governors/ Summary of Economic Projections

### Questions/Comments?

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